

Final Workshop Instituto Superior Técnico, Lisboa, Portugal 1<sup>st</sup> June 2023

WP6 Remote Sensing of the Atlantic in iFADO

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This project has received funding from the European Union's Interreg Atlantic Area programme under the grant EAPA\_165/2016



#### **Introduction: Earth Observation**





- Marine Strategy Framework Directive monitoring is required over large areas away from the coast, not feasible purely with ships
- Satellite remote sensing (or Earth Observation, EO) can *complement* in situ observations with synoptic-scale, daily nearsurface data (depending on cloud cover)
- The EC's Copernicus programme includes EO data services but further developments of products is needed





#### **Introduction: iFADO WP6 Actions**





- Action 1: Coordination
- Action 2: Data gathering and harmonisation
  - Accessing EO data for iFADO project
  - Supporting iFADO cruises with near-real time data
  - Use of iFADO data for satellite cal/val
  - Upwelling off the Portuguese coast- Pedro
- Action 3: Novel EO derived products for marine litter accumulation
  Elise
- Action 4: Novel EO derived products for Phytoplankton
  - Size fractionated phytoplankton (MSFD biodiversity indicator) Vanda
  - Primary production (MSFD biodiversity indicator) and water classes
- Action 5: Novel high resolution MSFD monitoring products

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- The EC Copernicus project provides EO data via services
  - Copernicus has developed during the 6+ years since iFADO was written



- In iFADO this was complemented with bespoke data processing or services not available from Copernicus
  - Near-real time support of cruises guidance to features of interest
  - Validation of EO data important for Copernicus
  - Higher resolution data

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#### EO data sent to research ships



- RADPROF20 July 2020 IEO cruise, with IPMA onboard (for samples inc. HPLC by FCUL)
- Satellite data provided in near-real time during cruise by PML



- JC247 May 2023, to PAP-SO (samples inc. HPLC by FCUL)
- Satellite data provided in near-real time during cruise by PML





### iFADO cruises with HPLC



ional Development Fund



	Iberian Cruises	Date	HPLC (nº surf and DCM)
1	DEPM2019	01/2019 to 02/2019	47
2	PELAGO2019	04/2019 to 05/2019	36
3	PELAGO2020	05/03/2020 to 09/03/2020	43
4	RADPROF2020	07/ 2020	59
5	RADPROF2021	08/ 2021	7
6	DEMP2022	03/2022 to 04/2022	15
7	PELAGO2022	01/03/2022 to 29/03/2022	22
8	RADIALES22	29/03/2022 to12/07/2022	8
9	PELACUS0322	27/04/2022 to 30/04/2022	60
10	RADPROF0622	15/06/2022 to 22/06/2022	12
11	CARBO-ACID	08/ 2022	19
12	DEPM23	10/02/2023 to 21/02/2023	20
13	PELACUS23	02/03/2023 to 29/03/2023	22
		Total	370

HPLC (n⁰ **AMT/PAP Cruises** Date surf/DCM) 23/09/2018 to 30/10/2018 66 AMT28 1 13/10/2019 to 25/11/2019 2 AMT29 62 01/05/2022 to 20/05/2022 3 PAP JC231 12 March – April 2023 64? AMT30 12? May 2023 Total 216

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# Sentinel 3 validation with iFADO data





100 = POLYMER CHL L2GEN OCI PB3 OC4ME Satellite Chl *a* (mg m<sup>-3</sup>) REPHY 10 -AMT-26 ACS AMT-27 ACS AMT-28 ACS WECO E1 WECO 14 iFADO 0.1 =N = 916S = 1.816N = 993N = 1277S = 0.817S = 0.849I = -0.309I = 0.374I = -0.059r = 0.863 r = 0.584r = 0.914Std PML Std prøduct  $\delta = -0.235$  $\delta = -0.082$  $\delta = 0.021$  $\Delta = 0.232$  $\Delta = 0.221$  $\Delta = 0.542$ Product rom/ RPD = 740%RPD = 50%RPD = 46%0.001 TTTTTT 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 100 = L2GEN + OC5 PB3 + OC5 POLYMER + OC5 Satellite Chl a (mg m<sup>-3</sup>) 10-0.1 = N = 993N = 916N = 1277S = 0.773S = 0.835S = 0.989I = -0.157I = -0.386I = -0.318r = 0.856r = 0.816r = 0.913 $\delta = -0.293$  $\delta = -0.226$  $\delta = -0.151$  $\Delta = 0.267$  $\Delta = 0.239$  $\Delta = 0.225$ RPD = 49%RPD = 56%RPD = 46%0.001 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 100 0.001 100 0.001 0.001 0.1 0.1 10 10 0.1 10 1 1 1 100 In situ Chl a (mg m<sup>-3</sup>) In situ Chl a (mg m<sup>-3</sup>) In situ Chl a (mg m<sup>-3</sup>)

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- ESA Ocean Colour CCI data are provided to CMEMS/C3S Multiple sensor, merged; 4km; daily
- iFADO data provide independent validation





#### **Results: Action 4 – Novel algorithms**



- Valente et al (2021) Linking ocean colour features in the western Iberian margin to wave-induced sediment resuspension and coccolithophore patches Continental Shelf Research 225, 104482
- Brotas et al., (2022) Complementary Approaches to Assess Phytoplankton Groups and Size Classes on a Long Transect in the Atlantic Ocean, Frontiers in Marine Science, 8, 10.3389/fmars.2021.682621
- Quartly et al., The link between surface and sub-surface chlorophyll in the centre of the Atlantic subtropical gyres: A comparison of observations and models (submitted to Frontiers in Marine Science)
- Han et al., Contrasting phytoplankton response to mesoscale eddies in the subtropical and midlatitude North Atlantic (resubmission, prob. to JGR or IEEE Geosci. & Rem. Sens)
- Brotas et al. (submitted to Frontiers in Marine Science) Patterns of phytoplankton community composition the Atlantic Ocean and species variability over 25 years
- Tilstone and Land Contrasting patterns in primary production in the Atlantic Ocean over the past two decades in prep for Biogeosciences



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#### **Primary production in the Atlantic**



- Contrasting patterns in primary production in the Atlantic Ocean over the past two decades.
- Computed a 21 year time series of PP using Ocean Colour data (September 1997-December 2018) for areas of similar phenology, climatology, and annual production in the north-east Atlantic Ocean, the Iberian Peninsula and Mauritania.



• Mean monthly PP from March to October using OC-CCI Ocean Colour data (provided by CMEMS) from 1997-2005 and 2006-2018 for the north-east Atlantic, Iberian peninsula and Mauritania.

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## Primary production in the Atlantic **Interreg**

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000 March-Oct 1997-2005 March-Oct 1997-2005 March-Oct 2006-2018 March-Oct 2006-2018

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PP-based regional March-October significant anomaly trend 1997-2005 and 2006-2018 for north-east Atlantic, Iberian peninsula and Mauritania.







- Part of work was to classify Atlantic waters into regions of similar peak, timing, location and annual primary production
- Identified using k-means cluster analysis for the north-east Atlantic, Iberian peninsula and Mauritania.



Regions of similar peak, timing, location and annual primary production identified using k-means cluster analysis for the north-east Atlantic, Iberian peninsula and Mauritania.



#### How can you use these data?





 Most data are on open visualisation portals & iFADO portal



1) Chl-a V6 - Version 6.0 - OC CCI Region: undefined Confidence: undefined Provider: OC\_CCI Interval: Monthly Bounding Box: OSPAR\_SpainPortugalFrance Time plot of monthly average chl-a in **OSPAR Spain and Portugal area** 







- iFADO has made a contribution to, and benefitted from, EO
  - Guidance of research cruises with EO data
  - Contribution to satellite validation activities, important for Copernicus which relies on such research cruises
- Novel algorithms have produced data relevant to MSFD
  - Phytoplankton chl-a for eutrophication
  - Phytoplankton productivity
  - Phytoplankton size classes and diversity
  - Potential for monitoring plastic pollution
- Legacy of 6 papers published, in review or in prep
- Legacy of EO data available on visualisation portals



Thank you for your attention!





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